

Z Sylvan, Partially wrapped Floer theory

Idea: Enhance wrapped Floer theory using data on  $\partial X$ ,  $X$  Liouville domain

( $\xleftrightarrow[\text{mirror}]{\text{partial}}$  compactification data for  $X^v$ )

Def: A strip  $G \subset \partial X$  is a hypersurface w/  $\partial$  s.t.

$(G, \lambda_X|_G)$  is a Liouville domain.

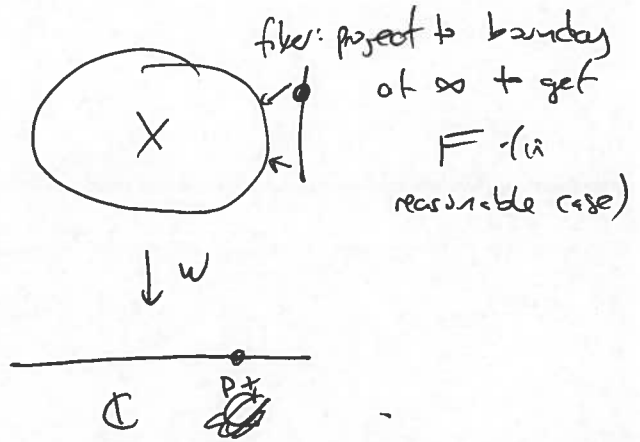
E.g.: • page of an open book on  $\partial X$ .

•  $W^{-1}(pt)$  for  $W: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ .  
(near  $\infty$ )

• Smoothly Legendrian  $L \subset \partial M$ , thickened in contact direction. (modeled on  $T^*L \subset J^1L$ )

• Expected: same ~~for~~ with singular  $L$  in particular for

$\partial \searrow$  Lag. skeleton of  $X$ .



Idea for Floer theory w/  $G$

• Pick Reeb vector field adapted to  $G$  i.e.,  $G$  still symplectic,

~~but~~

•  $R$  parallel to  $\partial G$

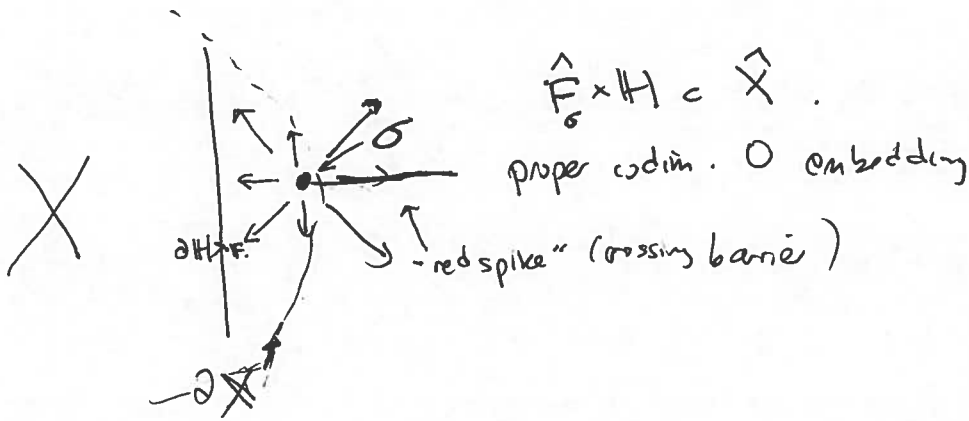
$\Rightarrow$  all trajectories ~~are in  $G$~~

either in  $\partial G$ ,

or have some intersection number  $n_G \geq 0$ .

"partially wrapped" just means  $n_G = 0$   
( $\int$  no trajectories in  $\partial G$ ).

More accurately: use local model  $\hat{F} \times \mathbb{H} \subset \hat{X}$  completion.  
 $\uparrow$  large half space



In this local model, have a central fiber  $F_0$ ;  
 want to choose H & J "fixing  $F_0$ "  
 ( $\leadsto$  positivity of intersections w/  $F_0$ ).

Open string case: get a filtration  $\mathcal{W}$  (only considers legs missing  $\sigma$ ).

$$CW_\sigma^* := CW_0^* \subset CW_1^* \subset \dots \subset CW^*$$

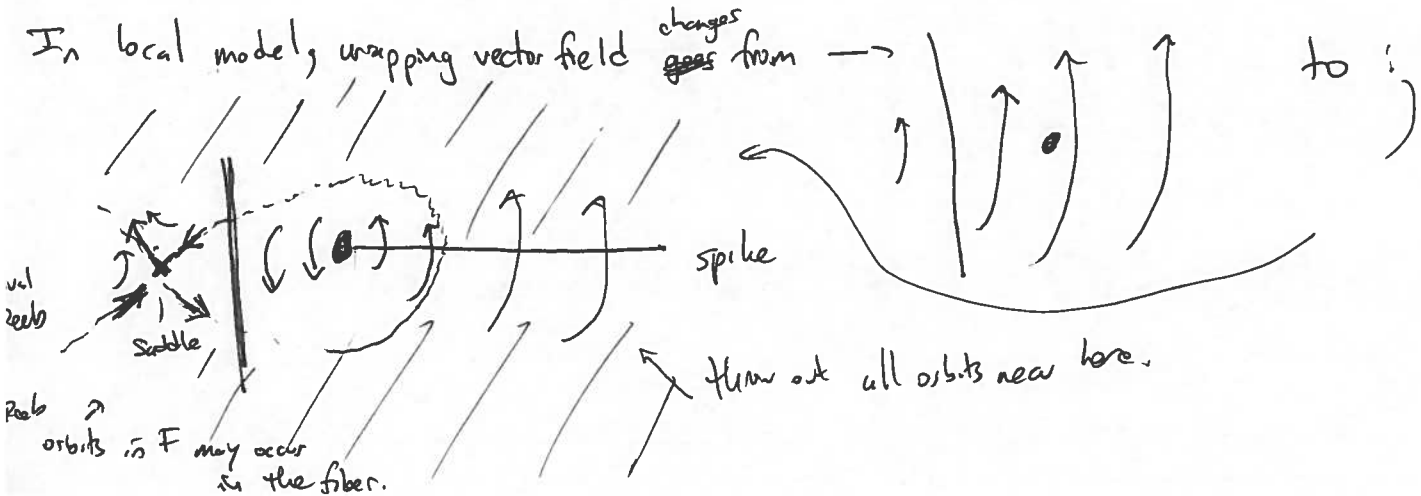
Closed string case: more complicated.

Def. Partially wrapped Fukaya category:  $\mathcal{W}_\sigma(X)$  is an A $\infty$  category

$$Ob = \{ ob^d W \text{ which avoid } \sigma, \\ \text{e.g., } L \text{ exact w/ leg, } \partial \text{ avoiding } \sigma \}$$

$$hom^*(L_0, L_1) = CW_\sigma^*(L_0, L_1) \leftarrow \text{morphisms avoiding } \sigma.$$

In local model, unwrapping vector field ~~changes~~ from  $\rightarrow$  to  $\uparrow$



Expectations: (all up to  $tw^\pi$ )

•  $W_{\delta_W}(X) \cong FS(W)$

↑ stop assoc. to superpotential

(point: thimbles don't see funny dynamics at  $\infty$  on saddle  $x$ , b/c they're proper in  $F$ ), like  $F$  of saddle  $x$ , b/c

•  $W_{\delta_L}(X) \cong LDGA \langle L, C_*(\Omega L) \rangle$

↑ non-central coeffs; so coeffs don't commute

(if  $W(X) \cong 0$ ) [cf. Ng's situation].

(b/c in this case  $W_{\delta_L}$  gen. by one object (for each component of  $L$ ), whose endomorphisms match)

•  $W_{\delta_\Delta}(X) \cong \text{Sh}_\Delta^W(X)$

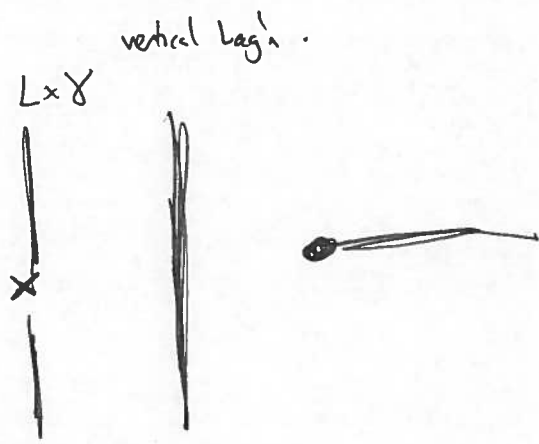
↑ skeleton for  $X$  now, and (Nadler.)

the stop,  $\delta_\Delta = \mathbb{N}(\infty \Delta)$ ...

•  $\mathbb{J}$  inclusion functor

$\mathbb{J}_\delta : W(F_\delta) \rightarrow W_\delta(X)$  via:  $L \rightarrow$

(Orlov functor).



Thm: (S.) : If  $F_\delta$  is "strongly non-degenerate," then the map  $\text{coker}(\mathbb{J}_\delta) \rightarrow W(X)$  is fully faithful.

(note: everything in image of  $\mathbb{J}_\delta$  is a zero object in  $W(X)$ , b/c displaceable).

Ex: The following  $F_\delta$  are strongly non deg:

- Open surfaces (other than  $D^2$ )
- Cotangent bundle (Abouzaid)

• Expect: Weinstein domains (admitting nice skeletons) [Ganatra-Pardon-Sherlock].

$E_x$ : if  $w(K) = 0$ ,  $\exists \lambda \in \partial X$  smooth,

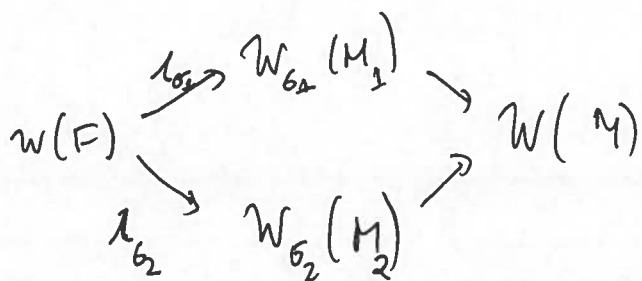
take  $\int_g (T_g^* \Delta) =: L$ , expect  $\text{End}_{W_g}(L, L) \cong \text{ZDGA} \langle L, C_*(\text{SC}) \rangle$ .

Stronger than in progress:  $(S, \text{GPS})$ :

Say have  $(M_1, g_1), (M_2, g_2)$  has an isomorphism of fibers

$F_{g_1} \cong F_{g_2} = F$ ; and  $\downarrow$  is strongly nondegenerate .. everything

Then, can form  $M = M_1 \#_{g_1, g_2} M_2$ . Get maps



If  $M$  is <sup>not</sup> strongly degen, get fully faithful map  $\text{pushout} \rightarrow W(M)$ .

is a pushout square.

Example: Viterbo functoriality

Given a codim 0 embedding of LD  $M^{\text{in}} \subset M$ , get "Viterbo transfer maps"

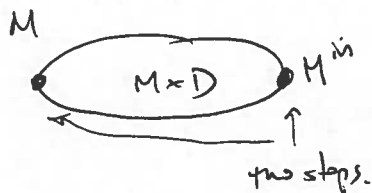
$$SH^*(M) \rightarrow SH^*(M^{\text{in}}) \quad (\text{Viterbo})$$

(Kragh)

$$W(M) \rightarrow W(M^{\text{in}}) \quad (\text{Abouzaid-Seidel}),$$

Consider:

$M \times D$



$\rightsquigarrow \iota_M, \iota_{M^{\text{in}}}$

Result of computation:  $\iota_{M^{\text{in}}} : W(M^{\text{in}}) \rightarrow W(M \times D)$

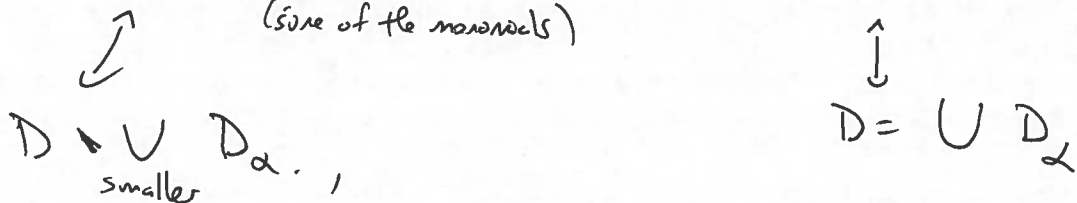
is fully faithful. with no assumptions.

Cor: If  $M^{\text{in}}$  is strongly non-degen, then

$\int W^{\pi}(\mathcal{L}_{M^{\text{in}}})$  is a quasi-equiv.

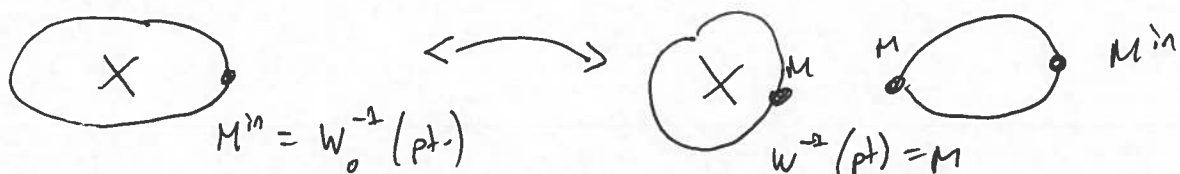
$\Rightarrow$  Can recover  $V_{\text{eff}} = \left( \int W^{\pi}(\mathcal{L}_{M^{\text{in}}}) \right)^{-1} \circ \mathcal{L}_M.$

Applications: If  $W_0$  is a subpolynomial of a superpotential  $W$  (= sum of monomials)



then there is a Liouville embedding  $W_0^{-1}(\text{pt.}) \hookrightarrow W^{-1}(\text{pt.})$ ; and

can decompose



$\leadsto$  map from  $\mathcal{W}_{\sigma_W}(X) \rightarrow \mathcal{W}_{\sigma_{W_0}}(X).$

(maybe seeable in terms of resolving  $W_0$  rel. other monomials, & seeing a semi-orthogonal decomposition)