

Hori-Mirror Symmetry & Reality

(M, τ) a space with an involution

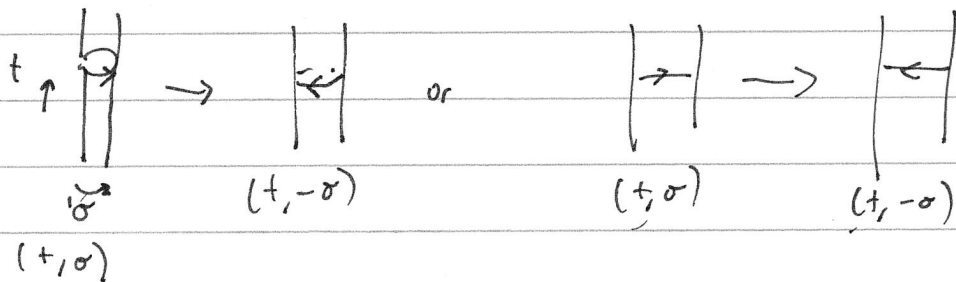
→ "Orientifold"

by gauging $(X: \Sigma \rightarrow M) \mapsto (\tau \circ X \circ \Omega: \Sigma \rightarrow M)$,

$\Omega: \Sigma \rightarrow \Sigma$ orientation reversing involution.

e.g. closed string theory:

open string theory:



An orientifold plane $Y \subset M$ is a connected component of M^τ

N D-branes at Y

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} O(N) \\ USp(N) \\ \text{"} \\ Sp(N/2) \end{array} \right.$ — The O -plane is of type $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} O^- \\ O^+ \end{array} \right.$

Type II Orientifolds:

M : 10 dim'l Riemann. manifold of signature $(9, 1)$

with a spin structure.

real \uparrow Weyl possible at same time.

τ : lifts to the real spinor bundle $\tilde{\tau}: S(M) \rightarrow S(M)$.

$\tau^2 = id$,

τ : ori. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{preserving, } \tau^2 = \left(\begin{array}{l} +id(B_+) \\ -id(B_-) \end{array} \right) \text{ II B} \\ \text{reversing, } = \left(\begin{array}{l} +id(A_+) \\ -id(A_-) \end{array} \right) \text{ II A.} \end{array} \right.$

possible O -planes (codim = $k \rightarrow O(9-k)$ -plane)

(B_+)	codim = $k = 0 \pmod{4}$	09/05/01
(B_-)	2	07/03
(A_+)	3	06/02
(A_-)	1.	08/04/00

D-branes in Type II string theory :

Chan-Paton
boke.
gauge field
tachyon

data: E : a hermitian v.b. on M .
 A : a unitary connection of E
 T : a hermitian endomorphism of E .

IIA : E ungraded

II B : $E = E^0 \oplus E^1$, $\mathbb{Z}/2$ graded $A = \begin{pmatrix} A^0 & 0 \\ 0 & A^1 \end{pmatrix}$, $T = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & * \\ * & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Orientifold action of (E, A, T)

$A \mapsto -\tau^* A^t + \alpha$ $E \mapsto \tau^* E^* \otimes \mathcal{L}$

$T \mapsto \pm \tau^* T^t$ \downarrow B-field

α is constrained by $d\alpha = B + \tau^* B$

"winding sheet action"
 e^{iS_B} $S_B = \int_{\Sigma} X^* B \mapsto \int_{\Sigma} (\tau^* X^* \Omega)^* B = - \int_{\Sigma} X^* \tau^* B$

$\Delta S_B = - \int_{\Sigma} X^* (B + \tau^* B)$

If $\partial \Sigma = \emptyset \Rightarrow$ need $e^{i\Delta S_B} = 1 \Leftrightarrow [\tau^* B + B] \in H^2(X, 2\pi \mathbb{Z})$

i.e. $[\tau^* B + B] = -2\pi c_1(\mathcal{L})$ for some spl. l.s. \mathcal{L} on M

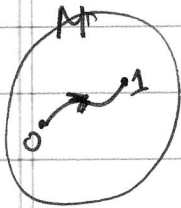
If $\partial\Sigma \neq \emptyset$, $\Delta S_B = -\int_{\Sigma} X^* d\alpha = -\int_{\partial\Sigma} X^* \alpha$.

This leads to the shift of A

Q. \therefore A enters into e^{iS} as the parallel transp. $P \exp(-\int_{\Sigma} X^* A)$

Orientifold action on open string states

An open string state Φ is the assignment $X \in \text{Map}([0,1], M) \mapsto \Phi[X] \in \text{Hom}(E_{X(0)}, E_{X(1)})$



$\in \text{Hom}(E_{X(0)}, E_{X(1)})$
(actually some other stuff, hidden).

A natural action of parity

$$\Phi[X] \mapsto \mathcal{P}(\Phi)[X] = \Phi[\tau \cdot X \circ \Omega]^t$$

⋮

Mirror symmetry:

$$M = X^{2n} \times \mathbb{R}^{(9-2n)+1}$$

↑ Kähler, σ -model on X has $N = (2,2)$ ^{super} symmetry

$\tau: X \rightarrow X$ permut. \leftarrow half of \mathcal{P}

(B) τ : holomorphic

(A) τ : anti-symplectic

category of duality.

Mirror symmetry:

$$(X, \tau, B, \mathcal{L}, \alpha, c) \longleftrightarrow (X', \tau', B', \mathcal{L}', \alpha', c')$$

hol. antisymp.