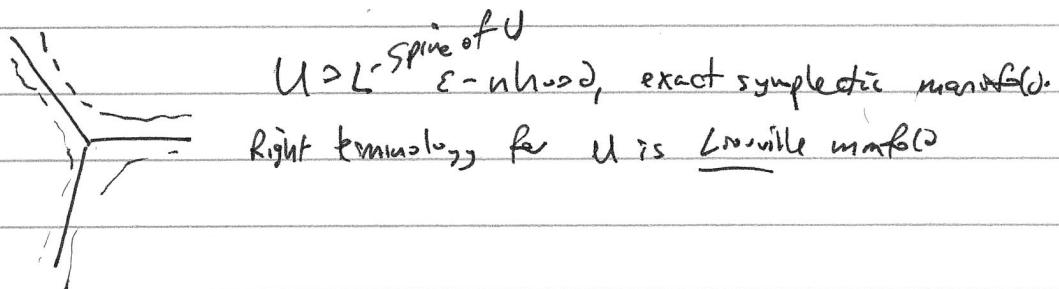


Kontsevich I - Singular Lagrangian Branes

Goal: Generalize L in subfields the way of vector bundles \rightsquigarrow coh. sheaves,

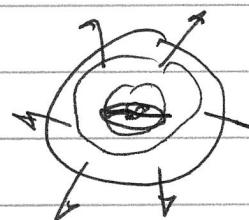
Singular Lagrangian:

$L \subset (X, \omega)$ singular subset, should have "special singularities" — don't know good description



Def: Liouville manifold, (U, ω) rect. sympl. mfld w/ boundary ∂U .

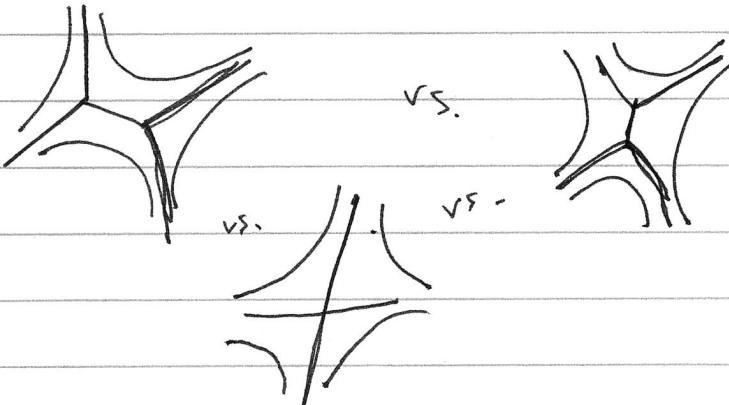
\exists vector field ξ , s.t. $Lie_{\xi} \omega = \omega \longleftrightarrow \omega = d(\eta_{\xi} \omega)$,
 ξ outwards at ∂U .



reverse time, or look at what points don't escape under ξ .

easy to see this limit set has Hausdorff dimension at most $\frac{1}{2} \dim U$.

Different choices of ν , ζ correspond to different choices of spine, e.g.



Singularity is "good" if \exists U Liouville s.t. ξ contracts to L .

ξ doesn't have to be trivial on L .

[Let's assume for now L has a nice finite Whitney strat.].

on L , \exists natural cosheaf in homotopy sense of
(w/ good stratification) finite type dg-algebras $/ \mathbb{Z}$ / categories.

What does this mean & how to calculate?

Finite simplicial set S .

Diagram of dg categories / S means:

$\forall s \in S \quad C_s$ dg-cat.

\forall non-deg. $s_0 \rightarrow s_1 \quad$ dg-functor $F_{s_0}, C_{s_0} \rightarrow C_{s_1}$,

$$S_0 \xrightarrow{g_1} S_1 \xrightarrow{g_2} S_2 \text{ quasi-iso. of } F_{S_0, S_1} \circ F_{S_1, S_2} \simeq F_{S_0, S_2}$$

3-simplices \rightsquigarrow homotopy between isomorphisms.

etc.

One can imagine a notion of homotopy limit here.

Claim: if all the dg-cats are of finite type, so is holim.

each C_{s_i} is:

finite quiver Q . arrows ordered, have grading $\in \frac{\mathbb{Z}}{\mathbb{Z}/\mathbb{Z}}$
path category.

$$d(\alpha_i) \in P(\alpha_i).$$

If so, this htpy limit is again of the same nature.

Diagram of points

S_0

1) dg cat. objects $\simeq \mathcal{S}_0$, freely generated by non-degenerate simplices of $\dim > 0$.

(i_0, \dots, i_n) gives $\alpha_{i_0, \dots, i_n} : i_0 \rightarrow i_n$ of deg. $1 - n$.

$$d\alpha_{i_0, \dots, i_n} = \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} (-1)^{j-1} \left((\alpha_{i_0, \dots, i_j} \circ \alpha_{i_j, \dots, i_n}) + \alpha_{i_0, \dots, \tilde{i}_j, \dots, i_n} \right).$$

and

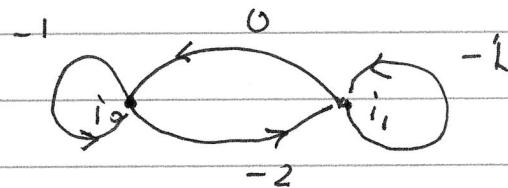
$\forall (i_0, i_1),$

postulate that $\alpha_{i_0 i_1}$ is an isomorphism.

so want ~~cone~~ $\text{cone}(\alpha_{i_0, i_1}) \simeq \mathcal{O}$, can do this explicitly, get

2×2 matrix from cone , $(\text{cone}) = d(\text{something})?$

need to add



Differential of each generator is very explicit

("Localization of the cone").

In the end,

We get a dg algebra chains ($\mathbb{Q}(|S|, \text{base pt.})$).

what do we mean by cosheaf of dg-cat?

For measurable open sets, can go from small to large, ~~can calculate~~ with a cover, can calculate everything w/ appropriate localizations over simplicial set.

Why should any singular lagrangian be such a gadget?

(all this cosheaf Φ_L)

Firstly, what are ~~global sections~~ stalks & global sections?

$\Phi_L(L)$ if L is compact should be ^{a¹⁸ a $\mathbb{Z}/2$ -graded dg-category of finite type with CY-structure.}

(but more than V. Ginzburg's CY structure).

C smooth dg cat

CY structure is an elt. in $H^*(\mathcal{C})$ ^{even or odd} satisfying non-deg. in the following sense:

$$H^*(\mathcal{C}) \cong$$

$$H(H(\mathcal{C})) \cong$$

$\tilde{\mathcal{L}}$ sh- $\text{sh}(\mathcal{L})$ be a quasi-iso
of bimodules.

If $\mathcal{C} = \text{Perf}(A)$, this $= R\text{Hom}(A^\vee, A)$,
where $A^\vee = R\text{Hom}_{A-\text{mod}}(A, A \otimes A)$

When L is smooth, oriented, spin structure,

(*) $\Phi_L(L) \cong \text{Chois}(\mathcal{R}(L, \times_0))$, is general different if not oriented or no spin str. chosen

Rank: If diagram of $\mathbb{Z}/2$ -dgcat (S , charges to \mathbb{Z} if cat. \mathbb{Z} -graded).
forget it.

$H^1(\text{IS.}, \mathbb{Z}/2)$, b/c. $\mathbb{Z}/2 \rightarrow \text{Aut}(\mathbb{Z}/2 \text{-dgcat})$
by shift functor

$H^2(\text{IS.}, \mathbb{Z}/2)$

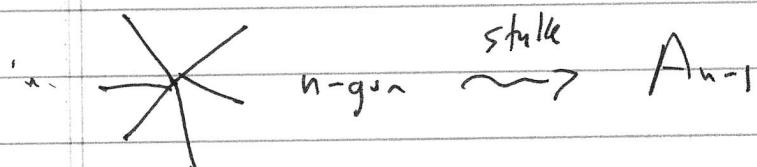
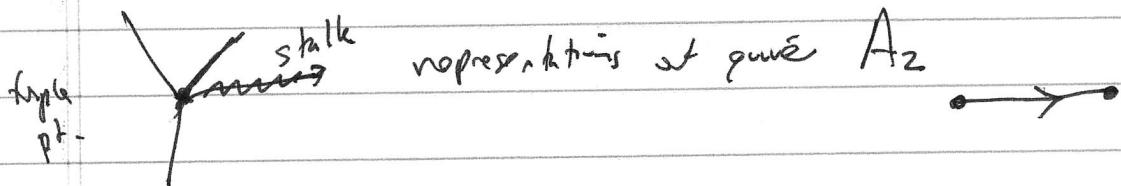
$\{\pm 1\} \in k^*$ <sup>as mult. of isomorphisms
of functors.</sup>

for diff. reasons.

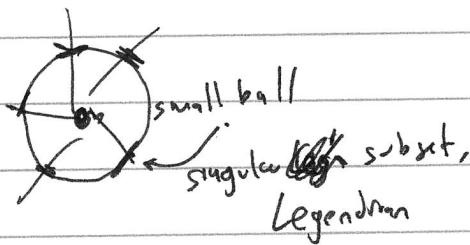
In (*), $\Phi_L(L) = \varinjlim (\text{diag. of pts., functors by } w_1(L), w_2(L),$
 $w_0(\text{spin})$
orientations \rightarrow Stiefel-Whitney classes)

easy to compute $w_1(L), w_2(L)$ explicitly, given
Poincaré subdivisions of simplices on L .

what to do at singularities?



In general, guess:

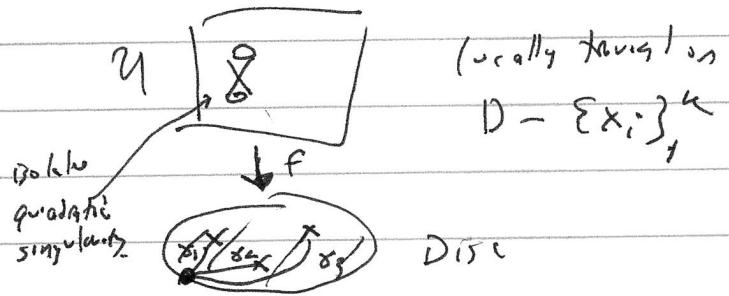


stalk should be FS category of
Lagrangian in ball w/ boundary on this
leg - don't really know

how to do this.
use some sort of induction calculation
or backflow for horns

$\Phi_L(L)$ for compact L .

$U \supset L$
Liouville



$U \subseteq f^{-1}(\text{boundary point})$

$\Phi(U')$ finite type dg-alg. by induction, CY.

$\varepsilon_1, \dots, \varepsilon_n$ spherical objects form $x_1 \rightarrow x_n, y_1 \rightarrow y_n$.
finch dim' representations $\cong \mathcal{I}(U')$?

FS category?

saturated w/ exceptional collection $\tilde{\varepsilon}_1, \dots, \tilde{\varepsilon}_k$
 $R\text{Hom}(\tilde{\varepsilon}_i, \tilde{\varepsilon}_j) = 0$ if $i < j$.

n.b. boundary is allowed
on L, e.g.

$\mathcal{R}\text{Hom}(\varepsilon_i, \varepsilon_j)$ same as if $i > j$.
 $\phi(u')$



Call this $FS(U, f)$.

because of $\varepsilon_1, \dots, \varepsilon_n$, get a natural transformation from

$$\begin{matrix} S \\ FS(U, f) \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{Id.} \\ \frac{\text{dim}_2}{2} \end{matrix}.$$

Serre functor

One should kill image of the cone of this map.
~~Cone (Serre \rightarrow Id.)~~

i.e. Localized w.r.t. \rightarrow

Main question: prove cuchard property for this ~~strong~~ local category

Rank: stalks not generally CY, but global sections ought to be.

$$\begin{matrix} \phi(L) & D^b(\text{coh Schemes}) \\ \bullet & \downarrow \text{pt} \\ \xrightarrow{R^n} & \text{pt} \end{matrix}$$



$$A^1 \setminus 0$$

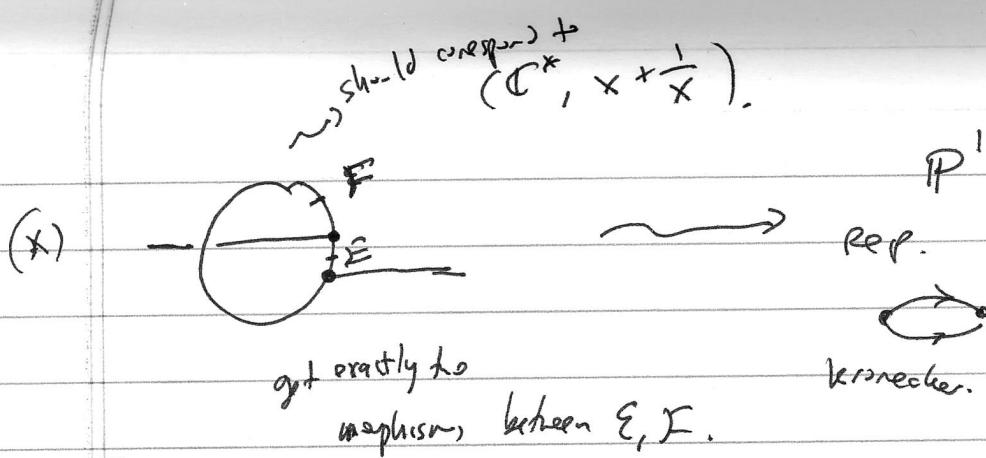
- why? alg. is chain on
based loops,
group rings of fund.
grps, Laurent polys.

$$\begin{matrix} E & \xrightarrow{\quad G \quad} & A^1 \\ \circlearrowleft & \uparrow \text{non-poly. ring.} & \rightsquigarrow \\ F & & \end{matrix}$$

$E \rightarrow F \rightarrow G$
exact triangle.

Say then that $E = F$.

r.o. get just polys, not
Laurent polys.

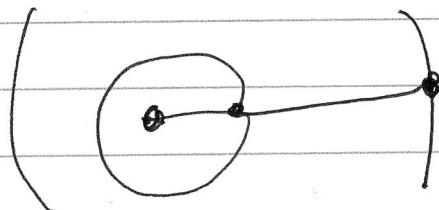


[In general, 3-valent graphs \rightarrow get a category - what Feinmann
can shift pictures around]

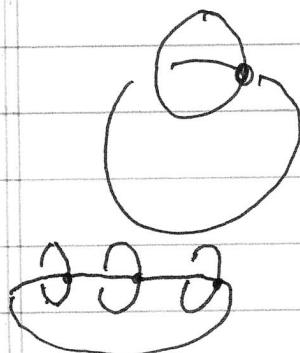
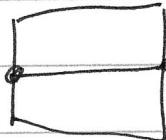
Interesting:

$$\text{---} \longrightarrow D^b(\mathcal{O}_h) \left(\begin{array}{c} \diagup \\ \diagdown \end{array} \right)$$

$(*) : C^* : \left(\begin{array}{c} \diagup \\ \vdots \\ \diagdown \end{array} \right) \otimes \mathbb{D}$ product C^* fixing 1, \gg
gives us exactly:

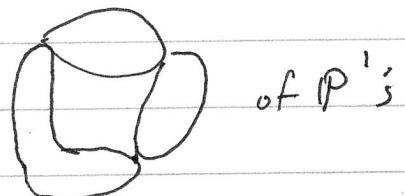


In general, potential will give us a non-cpt lagrangian.
 ψ, x^2 .

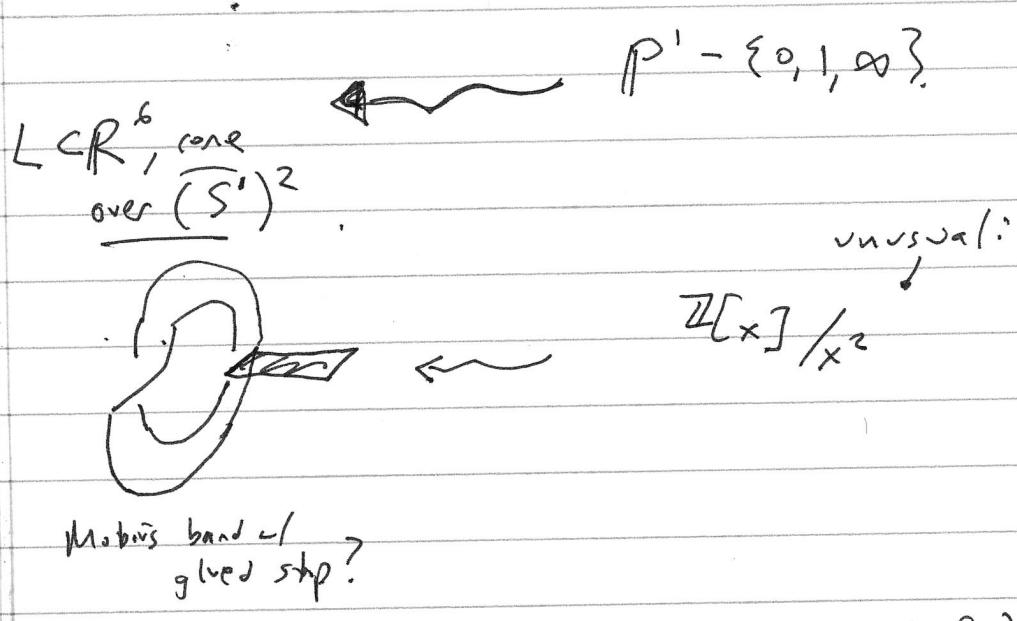


$$\longrightarrow P^1 / \{0 = \infty\}$$

chain:



Get not all manifolds, manifolds defined over F_{∞} , combinatorial objects.



~~what to do w/ this?~~ How to apply to real life?

X cpt. symplectic manifold. $\omega = c_1(L)$ some L

Duvalson: $X \supset D$ (zeros of section of L) (in some sense can make sections of $L^{\otimes k}, k \gg 0$)

s.t. ~~is~~ $\omega|_D$ is Liouville

$X - U_\epsilon D$ is Liouville.

Contract to some spine L.

Get

$\widehat{\Phi}(L)$ finite type dg-cat "wrapped Fukaya category for L", CX.

Serdu: try to reconstruct everything looking at this category

Ambient manifold

→ solutions of Maurer-Cartan in dg-algebra (name?)

$C^{\text{cyd}}(\widehat{\Phi}(L)) \overset{\wedge}{\otimes} \mathbb{Q} \otimes \mathbb{Q}[\mathbb{Q}]$
(boundaries of hol. discs in L),

deformation of $\widehat{\Phi}(L)$ which in certain sense should become saturated,
non-symmetry goes away.

then we could get GW invariants!

to get GW invariants:

Claim: if C is smooth dg category, $\mathcal{C}Y$, then have a map
model of curves w/ tangentvecs. \oplus marked pt

$$H\mathbb{H}(C)^{\otimes^n} \otimes H_*(M_{g, \vec{n} + \vec{m}}) \rightarrow H\mathbb{H}(C)^{\otimes^m}$$

$$n \geq 0, m \geq 1, g \geq 0.$$

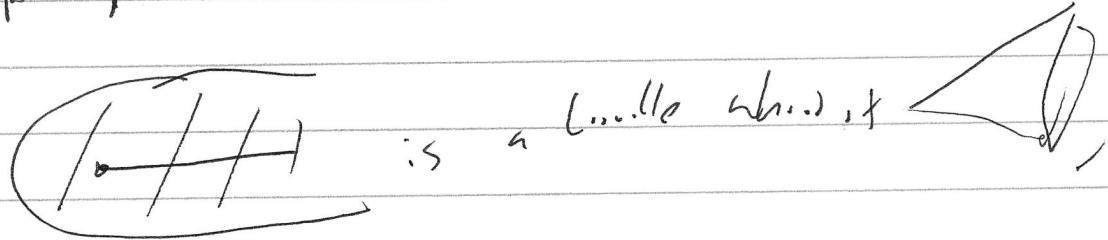
+ Action on the level of chords.

(similar to Yau's work on finite type stuff).

If degeneration of Hodge-deRham, can put \bar{M} and get whole story.
(b/c this ~~implies~~ implies S^1 action is true!, so can glue
back out by S^1 's to get added)

(get Langer survive, give desc in $\mathcal{C}C$ (h.. dms, reps), see
Fuk et al's work?).

entire preimage of



{
so fibrewise wrapping buildin?

